



Fakta om fonden

ISIN: NO0008000445
Startdatum, andelsklass: 01.12.1993
Startdatum, fond: 01.12.1993
Domicil: NO
NAV: 5 332,31 SEK
Fondförmögenhet: 12 666 MSEK
Jämförelseindex: MSCI Nordic/MSCI AC ex. Nordic
Minsta investering: 500 SEK
Förvaltningsavgift: 1,00 %
Prestationsbaserad avgift: 10,00 %
 (se detaljer i prospektet)
Årlig avgift: 1,00 %
Antal innehav: 52



Søren Milo Christensen
 Förvaltat fonden sedan
 09. april 2018



Sondre Solvoll Bakketun
 Förvaltat fonden sedan
 08. november 2022

Investeringsstrategi

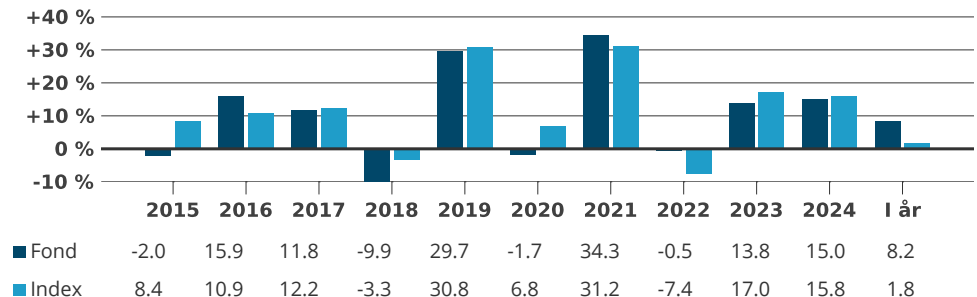
SKAGEN Vekst investerar i bolag som är lågt värderade i förhållande till både lönsamhet och tillväxt. Fonden investerar primärt i Norden, och sekundärt i resten av världen. SKAGEN Vekst passar för investerare som har en investeringshorisont på minst fem år. Det tecknas i fondandelar och inte direkt i aktier eller andra värdepapper. Fondens jämförelseindex speglar investeringsmandatet, men eftersom fonden är aktivt förvaltat kommer portföljen att avvika från indexets sammansättning. Från 1 jan 2014 ändrades fondens investeringsmandat från att investera minst 50% av kapitalet i Norge, till att investera minst 50% av kapitalet i de nordiska länderna. Det innebär att avkastningen före ändringen uppnåddes under andra förutsättningar än i dag.

SKAGEN Vekst A

Månadsrapport för Oktober till och med 31.10.2025. All data i SEK om inte annat anges.

Historisk avkastning är ingen garanti för framtida avkastning. De pengar som placeras i fonden kan både öka och minska i värde och det är inte säkert att du får tillbaka hela det insatta kapitalet. På www.skagenfonder.se hittar du faktablad och informationsbroschyrer.

Historisk avkastning i SEK



Före 1 jan 2014 var fondens jämförelseindex till lika delar sammansatt av Oslobörsens index (OSEBX) och MSCI All Country World. Jämförelseindex före 1 jan 2010 var Oslobörsens index (OSEBX).

Period	Fond (%)	Index (%)
En månad	3,19	2,54
Hittills i år	8,20	1,84
12 månader	5,15	1,24
3 år (årlig)	14,47	12,06
5 år (årlig)	17,12	13,01
10 år (årlig)	10,48	10,72
Sedan start (årlig)	12,81	10,21

Nyckeltal	1 år	3 år	5 år
Std.avvikelse	11,98	9,86	11,83
Std.avvikelse index	14,76	11,09	12,42
Tracking error	4,89	5,21	6,70
Informationskvot	0,80	0,46	0,62

Fondens active share är 85 %

Riskindikatorn (SRI)

Vi har klassificerat produkten som **3 av 7** dvs. en medellåg riskklass.

Den sammanfattande riskindikatorn ger en vägledning om risknivån för denna produkt jämfört med andra produkter. Den visar hur troligt det är att produkten kommer att sjunka i värde på grund av marknadsutvecklingen. En medellåg riskklass betyder att fonden har medellåg risk för upp och nedgångar i andelsvärdet. Risker som inte fångas av riskindikatorn: Händelserisk, likviditetsrisk, operationell risk, motpartsrisk, derivatrisk och valutarisk. Om fonden investerar i värdepapper i en annan valuta än fondens basvaluta, påverkas värdet av förändringar i växelkursen. Dessutom kan värdet på din utbetalning påverkas om din lokala valuta är en annan än fondets valuta. Denna produkt innehåller inte något skydd mot framtida marknadsresultat. Du kan därför förlora hela eller delar av din investering.

Monthly commentary, October 2025

October was another strong month for global equity markets, driven largely by continued optimism around companies exposed to artificial intelligence. The period saw a wave of AI and semiconductor-related deals and partnerships, further fuelling investor enthusiasm. Additionally, a cooling U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI) report and signs of easing trade tensions between the U. S. and China provided further support to market sentiment. SKAGEN Vekst delivered robust performance, both in absolute terms and relative to its benchmark. This positive outcome was primarily driven by strong contributions from two of our few remaining holdings with direct AI exposure – Samsung Electronics and Nokia.

Samsung Electronics was the largest contributor to the fund's absolute return in October. The company delivered solid third-quarter results that exceeded market expectations. However, what truly drove the share price higher was management's highly optimistic outlook for the memory segment. This sentiment was echoed by key competitors, underscoring exceptionally strong demand for High Bandwidth Memory (HBM). This surge in HBM demand is expected to constrain supply for conventional memory, where Samsung holds a leading position. Management also expressed confidence in their progress on next-generation HBM technologies. Following the strong performance, we marginally reduced our position but

continue to maintain a significant stake. We believe the market still underestimates Samsung's earnings potential in the current upcycle. Moreover, the stock continues to trade at an attractive valuation, both relative to its historical levels and at a substantial discount to key peers. Nokia was another strong performer in October. They delivered a strong result for the third quarter with sales growth across all segments highlighting especially strong growth in AI and cloud. Additionally, news broke that Nvidia had acquired a stake in Nokia, and the two companies have agreed to collaborate both on fixed network equipment for data centres and AI and on the integration of AI into radio/mobile networks. With Nokia's technology status within mobile networks under scrutiny over the last years this offers a helpful boost to the perception of Nokia's competitiveness. Like most stocks that get closely affiliated with Nvidia and the current AI trend, the stock jumped sharply on the news. We believe there are interesting possibilities for Nokia from the deal with Nvidia but took the opportunity to take some profit as such a big move clearly prices in quite a bit of optimism on behalf of the still small AI business in Nokia. Boliden also delivered a solid set of third quarter results giving the stock a boost. Mine production was very strong with record production in Aitik while continued strength in metals prices helped offset the weak dollar. Cash flow was also solid helped by working capital movements. We have continued to take profit in Boliden as the stock price has pushed higher together with the rally in metals prices.

Novo Nordisk was the largest negative contributor to the fund's absolute return in October, impacted by several developments. First, the company called for an extraordinary general meeting following internal disagreements. Seven board members opposed the Novo Foundation (Novo's main shareholder) on the pace and scope of changes needed to adapt to the evolving, more consumer-driven obesity market. After failing to reach consensus on proposed new board members, the seven members chose to resign. The stock also faced pressure after Eli Lilly, Novo's key competitor, reported exceptionally strong third-quarter results. Growth was particularly robust in its obesity treatment segment outside the U.S., raising concerns that Novo may be losing market share in these regions. Additionally, Novo made an unsolicited bid to acquire U.S. biotech firm Metsera, offering a clear premium over Pfizer's existing offer. This move sparked fears that Novo may be overpaying. While these events have increased uncertainty and are negative at the margin, we support the Novo Foundation's initiative to accelerate strategic change through board renewal. From a valuation perspective, much of the negative sentiment also appears priced in. We continue to see strong growth potential both in the U.S. and internationally, supported by rising demand for obesity treatments. Importantly, Novo plans to launch an oral version of its obesity therapy in early 2026, which could significantly expand patient access and drive adoption. Additionally, the company is expected to release initial Phase III data for semaglutide in Alzheimer's disease. If successful, this could unlock a transformative new market opportunity and further reinforce Novo Nordisk's long-term growth trajectory. Telenor was also among our weakest contributors in October. The company delivered an ok third quarter report, but with some challenges in Asia as they flagged higher spectrum and data costs ahead. The Nordic part of the business is still showing strong and steady performance, but the question is how long the company can keep this up. As previously reported, we have reduced our position in Telenor significantly this year and several analysts now also argue the stock is fully valued and downgraded their recommendations after the earnings report. The Chinese IT conglomerate Alibaba also had a difficult month, with its share price pulling back after a very strong run in September. While we have trimmed our position over the course of the year as the absolute upside has moderated, it is worth highlighting that Alibaba continues to trade at a substantial discount to its U.S. peers.

In October we initiated a position in the Austrian building materials company Wienerberger. The company has diversified its business over the past decade away from the cyclical residential markets and into non-residential and infrastructure segments, but brick manufacturing remains its core business. The transformation has led to improved margins as well as improved returns on capital and should provide for a more stable demand profile going forward. After a strong share price development in the beginning of the year the stock has fallen back lately as promises of increased investments from European governments have failed to materialize so far. We believe the current share price assigns too little value to the prospects of tailwind from fiscal stimulus and also fails to capture the chance of a general cyclical rebound in Wienerberger's end markets. Any progress on ending the war in Ukraine and start rebuilding the country would also provide added demand for Wienerberger's products

Over the past 18 months, we have reduced our exposure to the US equity market, which we view as overvalued – both relative to global peers and to its own historical norms. Within the US, growth stocks in particular appear priced at levels that have historically led to poor future returns. In contrast, many markets outside the US are trading closer to historical averages, offering more compelling opportunities. We are especially optimistic about Korea, where depressed valuations stand in stark contrast to the potential for positive structural change. At the sector level, we have gradually reduced our exposure to IT. While AI represents a transformative long-term opportunity, much of this potential is already reflected in elevated share prices. The recent surge in capital investment has largely been driven by fears among major IT players of losing their competitive moats. Over time, these investments will need to deliver tangible economic returns to justify current valuations. We also see rising risks that the market may begin to question the core investment thesis of dominant IT companies – namely, their ability to generate high-margin, low-capital-intensity earnings growth. We continue to favour attractively valued companies in the financial, industrial, and energy sectors, which we believe are better positioned in an environment where inflation remains above post-pandemic lows. Following the lack of evidence for stimulus measures

in Germany, we've observed that companies linked to this theme have once again declined in price. We are currently assessing to what extent this presents attractive investment opportunities. From a macroeconomic perspective, we think markets are underestimating the likelihood of persistently higher inflation and interest rates – particularly in the US, where factors such as large budget deficits, tighter immigration policies, and increased tariffs on foreign goods make a meaningful decline in inflation unlikely. We have positioned the fund to offer strong downside protection should the US market's "Goldilocks" scenario – or similarly optimistic expectations for the IT sector – fail to materialize. However, if consensus forecasts of declining inflation, steady economic growth, and robust IT sector profits prove accurate, we expect the fund may underperform the broader market but still deliver solid absolute returns over the next 12 months.

Bidragsgivare senaste månaden

 Största bidragsgivare	Vikt (%)	Bidrag (%)	 Minsta bidragsgivare	Vikt (%)	Bidrag (%)
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	3,65	0,90	Novo Nordisk A/S	5,81	-0,48
Nokia Oyj	2,10	0,81	Telenor ASA	2,29	-0,14
Boliden AB	3,39	0,42	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	2,20	-0,11
Ping An Insurance Group Co of China Ltd	3,41	0,25	B3 SA - Brasil Bolsa Balcao	1,81	-0,10
DSV A/S	3,06	0,25	Cadeler A/S	1,00	-0,09

Bidrag till fondens avkastning NOK

Innehav

10 största innehav	Andel (%)	Landsfördelning	Andel (%)	Branchfördelning	Andel (%)
Novo Nordisk A/S	5,2	Danmark	17,6	Finans	23,5
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	4,1	Sydkorea	12,8	Industri	16,5
Nordea Bank Abp	3,9	Sverige	12,5	Material	10,9
ISS A/S	3,7	USA	10,7	Dagligvaror	10,1
Ping An Insurance Group Co of China Ltd	3,5	Finland	10,3	IT	8,1
Hana Financial Group Inc	3,3	Norge	8,3	Hälsovård	7,4
Citigroup Inc	3,3	Kina	5,7	Fastigheter	4,7
Boliden AB	3,2	Brasilien	4,9	Energi	4,0
DSV A/S	3,1	Hongkong SAR	2,1	Telekom	3,5
Yara International ASA	3,0	Storbritannien	2,1	Sällanköpsvaror	3,4
Total andel	36,3 %	Total andel	87,0 %	Total andel	92,0 %

Hållbarhet

SKAGENs tillnärmning till hållbarhet

Vår ESG-strategi bygger på fyra pelare. I linje med SKAGENs aktiva investeringsfilosofi utgår vårt hållbarhetsarbete ifrån ett aktivt engagemang i våra portföljbolag, där vi tror att vi kan göra störst skillnad. Den fulla potentialen i en hållbar investeringsstrategi fungerar bäst när följande fyra pelare kombineras.

- ✓ Exkludering
- ✓ Förstärkt screening
- ✓ ESG-faktablad
- ✓ Aktivt ägande

Artikel 8

Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR)

Produkten tar hänsyn till hållbarhetsrisker och ESG-faktorer (miljö, sociala frågor och bolagsstyrning) som en del av sin investeringsprocess. Även om produkten främjar miljömässiga och/eller sociala egenskaper är hållbara investeringar inte det huvudsakliga målet.

Vi tar hänsyn till de viktigaste negativa konsekvenserna för hållbarhet utifrån vad som bedöms vara mest relevant (Principal Adverse Impacts).

Mer information om produktens arbete med hållbarhet, inklusive en sammanfattning av hållbarhetsupplysningarna, finns i prospektet.

VIKTIG INFORMATION

Historisk avkastning är ingen garanti för framtida avkastning. Framtida avkastning beror bland annat på marknadens utveckling, förvaltarnas skicklighet, fondernas riskprofil och förvaltningsarvoden. Avkastningen kan bli negativ till följd av kursnedgångar. Det finns risker förknippade med investeringar i fonderna på grund av rörelser på aktie-, valuta-, och räntemarknaderna. Även konjunkturen, bransch- och bolagsspecifika förhållanden kan påverka avkastningen. På grund av fondernas sammansättning och fondbolagets förvaltningsmetoder, kan fonder med riskklass 6-7 både minska och öka kraftigt i värde. Innan du investerar uppmanas du att läsa faktablad och fondprospekt. En översikt över kostnader i fonderna finns på www.skagenfonder.se/kostnader

En översikt över investerarrättigheter finns tillgänglig på www.skagenfonder.se/om-oss/investerarskydd/

Beslutet att investera i en fond måste ta hänsyn till fondens alla egenskaper. Information om hållbarhet i våra fonder finns på www.skagenfonder.se/hallbarhet/Hallbara-investeringar/